



PRINCE2® 7 Foundation

# Syllabus

PeopleCert

Official Training Materials



# 1. Introduction

The PRINCE2 7 Foundation qualification is intended for project managers and aspiring project managers. It is also relevant to other key staff involved in the design, development and delivery of projects, including: project board members (e.g. senior responsible owners), team managers (e.g. product delivery managers), project assurance (e.g. business change analysts), project support (e.g. Project and Programme Office personnel), and operational line managers/staff.

The PRINCE2 7 Foundation examination is intended to assess whether a candidate can recall and understand the PRINCE2 project management method (as described in the syllabus below). The PRINCE2 7 Foundation qualification is a prerequisite for the PRINCE2 Practitioner exam, which assesses the ability to apply understanding of the PRINCE2 project management method in context.

## 2. Exam Overview

Material allowed	None	This is a 'closed book' exam. The PRINCE2® 7 Managing Successful Projects Official Book, should be used for study, but is <b>NOT</b> permitted to be used in the exam.
Exam duration	60 minutes	Candidates taking the exam in a language that is not their native or working language may be awarded 25% extra time, i.e. 75 minutes in total.
Number of marks	60 marks	There are 60 questions, each worth 1 mark. There is no negative marking.
Pass mark	36 marks	You will need to get 36 questions correct (60%) to pass the exam.
Level of thinking	Bloom's levels 1 & 2	"Bloom's level" describes the type of thinking needed to answer the question. For Bloom's level 1 questions, you need to <b>recall</b> information about the PRINCE2 method. For Bloom's 2 questions, you need to show <b>understanding</b> of these concepts.
Question types	Standard, Missing word, List & Negative	The questions are all 'multiple choice'. For the 'standard' questions, you have a question and four answer options. 'Negative' questions are 'standard' question in which the stem is negatively worded. For the 'missing word' questions, there is a sentence with a word missing and you have to select the missing word from four options. For the 'list' questions, there is a list of four statements and you have to select the two correct statements.

### 3. Question Types

All 40 questions are Objective Test Questions (OTQs), which present four options from which one option is selected. Distractors (wrong answers) are options that candidates with incomplete knowledge or skill would be likely to choose. These are generally plausible responses relating to the syllabus area being examined. Question styles used within this type are: 'standard', 'missing word', 'list' (2 correct items), and, exceptionally, 'negative' standard OTQ.

#### Example 'standard' question:

Which is one of the four integrated elements within PRINCE2?

- a) Quality
- b) Role descriptions
- c) Processes
- d) Product descriptions

#### Example 'list' question:

Which two statements about tailoring are **CORRECT**?

1. Processes can be simplified or carried out in more detail.
  2. Terminology can be changed to suit organizational standards.
  3. Themes that are not relevant to the project can be excluded.
  4. Project management team members can carry out any combination of roles.
- A. 1 and 2
  - B. 2 and 3
  - C. 3 and 4
  - D. 1 and 4

**NOTE:** Two of the list items are correct.

Please see the sample paper for an example of the exam format and content.

#### Example 'missing word' question:

Identify the missing word in the following sentence.

A purpose of the [ ? ] theme is to control any unacceptable deviations from the project's objectives.

- A. Change
- B. Plans
- C. Progress
- D. Risk

#### Example 'negative' question:

Which is **NOT** a role within PRINCE2?

- A. Role A
- B. Role B
- C. Role C
- D. Role D

**NOTE:** Negative questions are only used as an exception, where part of the learning outcome is to know that something is not done or should not occur.

## 4. Syllabus

The tables below give a summary of the concepts that are tested in the exam, and the main parts of the Official Book in which these are described. The book references refer to the section stated, but not the subsections within that section, unless stated.

Learning Outcome	Assessment Criteria	Bloom's Level
1. Understand key concepts relating to projects and PRINCE2	1.1 Recall key concepts related to project management: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) the definition of the integrated elements of PRINCE2: principles, people, practices, processes and the project context (1.2, fig 1.1)</li> <li>b) the definition of a project and project management (1.3, 1.4)</li> <li>c) the aspects of project performance to be managed (1.4)</li> <li>d) the definition of delivery approaches: linear-sequential iterative-incremental, hybrid (1.5.3)</li> </ul>	BL1
	1.2 Describe key concepts related to project management: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) the common reasons why project management is used (1.3)</li> <li>b) the common challenges that PRINCE2 is designed to address (1.4)</li> <li>c) the characteristics of a project (1.3)</li> <li>d) projects in context/project environment (1.5 – excluding 1.5.3)</li> <li>e) the features and benefits of PRINCE2 (1.6)</li> </ul>	BL2
2. Understand how the PRINCE2 principles underpin the PRINCE2 method	2.1 Explain the PRINCE2 principles: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ensure continued business justification (2.1)</li> <li>• learn from experience (2.2)</li> <li>• define roles, responsibilities and relationships (2.3)</li> <li>• manage by stages (2.4)</li> <li>• manage by exception (2.5)</li> <li>• focus on products (2.6)</li> <li>• tailor to suit the project (2.7)</li> </ul>	BL2
	2.2 Explain how and why the principles provide the basis of applying PRINCE2, and which factors influence the way the PRINCE2 method can be tailored and applied, who is responsible, and how tailoring decisions are documented (2, 2.7, fig 2.1)	BL2
3. Understand the importance of people in successful projects	3.1 Define key concepts related to the people element: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• organizational ecosystem (3.1, fig 3.1)</li> <li>• project ecosystem (3.1, fig 3.1)</li> <li>• change management (3.2.1)</li> <li>• stakeholder (3.2.2)</li> <li>• culture (3.2.3)</li> <li>• collaboration and co-creation (3.3)</li> <li>• leadership (3.3)</li> <li>• management (3.3)</li> </ul>	BL1

Learning Outcome	Assessment Criteria	Bloom's Level
	3.2 Explain the difference between concepts related to the people element: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>people within the project and people affected by the project (3.1)</li> <li>leadership and management (3.3)</li> </ul>	BL2
	3.3 Explain key concepts related to the people element: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>change management and why it is important (3.2.1)</li> <li>stakeholder engagement (3.2.2)</li> <li>communication (3.4)</li> <li>effective teams, including diversity, capability and competence (3.3)</li> </ul>	BL2
	3.4 Explain the purpose of the management products required to support the people element of projects: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PID: change management approach (3.2.1)</li> <li>PID: communication management approach (3.4)</li> </ul>	BL2
	3.5 Explain how people aspects integrate with other PRINCE2 elements (3.5 including all subsections)	BL2
4. Understand the PRINCE2 practices and how they are applied throughout the project	4.1 Explain the purpose of PRINCE2 management products, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PID (4.3.1)</li> <li>Project log (4.3.2)</li> </ul>	BL2
	4.1.1 Explain the purpose of the 'business case' practice (5.1)	BL2
	4.1.2 Describe the key relationships between the 'business case' practice and the principles (5.7, tab 5.2)	BL2
	4.1.3 Explain the purpose of the key management products required to support the 'business case' practice (5.5): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>project brief</li> <li>business case</li> <li>PID: benefits management approach</li> <li>PID: sustainability management approach</li> </ul>	BL2
	4.1.4 Define key concepts related to the 'business case' practice: (5.1) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>output</li> <li>outcome</li> <li>benefit</li> <li>dis-benefit</li> <li>business objective</li> </ul>	BL1
	4.1.5 Describe the guidance for effective management of the business case, including: (5.2) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>business case lifecycle (5.2.1, fig 5.2, fig 5.3)</li> <li>aligning products to business objectives and tolerances (5.2.2)</li> <li>establishing business justification (5.2.3)</li> </ul>	BL2
	4.1.6 Describe the PRINCE2 technique for the 'business case' practice (5.3.1)	BL2
	4.2.1 Explain the purpose of the 'organizing' practice (6.1)	BL2
	4.2.2 Describe the key relationships between the 'organizing' practice and the principles (6.7, tab 6.5)	BL2



Learning Outcome	Assessment Criteria	Bloom's Level
	4.2.3 Explain the purpose of the key management products required to support the 'organization' practice: (6.5) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• PID: project management team structure</li> <li>• PID: role descriptions</li> <li>• PID: commercial management approach</li> </ul>	BL2
	4.2.4 Define key concepts related to the 'organizing' practice: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• project board (6.2.1, 6.2.4.4)</li> <li>• project team (6.2.3)</li> </ul>	BL1
	4.2.5 Describe the guidance for effective organizing of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the three project interests (6.2.1)</li> <li>• PRINCE2 roles (6.2.4)</li> <li>• work breakdown structure (6.2.5)</li> </ul>	BL2
	4.2.6 Describe the PRINCE2 technique for the 'organizing' practice (6.3.1)	BL2
	4.3.1 Explain the purpose of the 'plans' practice (7.1)	BL2
	4.3.2 Describe the key relationships between the 'plans' practice and the principles (7.7, tab 7.2)	BL2
	4.3.3 Explain the purpose of the key management products required to support the 'plans' practice: (7.5) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• work package description</li> <li>• project product description</li> <li>• plan (including project, stage, team &amp; exception plan)</li> </ul>	BL2
	4.3.4 Define key concepts related to the 'plans' practice: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• schedule (7.3.1.4)</li> <li>• dependency (7.3.1.2)</li> <li>• project plan (7.2.2.1)</li> <li>• stage plan (7.2.2.2)</li> <li>• team plan (7.2.2.3)</li> <li>• exception plan (7.2.2.4)</li> <li>• scope (7.1.2)</li> </ul>	BL1
	4.3.5 Describe the guidance for effective management of plans: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the planning horizon (7.2.1)</li> <li>• project stages (7.2.3)</li> <li>• product-based planning (7.2.5)</li> <li>• using tolerances to manage constraints (7.2.4)</li> <li>• delivery sustainability (7.4.4)</li> </ul>	BL2
	4.3.6 Describe the PRINCE2 technique for the 'plans' practice (7.3.1)	BL2
	4.4.1 Explain the purpose of the 'quality' practice (8.1)	BL2
	4.4.2 Describe the key relationships between the 'quality' practice and the principles (8.7, tab 8.3)	BL2
	4.4.3 Explain the purpose of the key management products required to support the 'quality' practice: (8.5) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• product description</li> <li>• PID: quality management approach</li> <li>• project log: quality register</li> <li>• project log: product register</li> </ul>	BL2

Learning Outcome	Assessment Criteria	Bloom's Level
	4.4.4 Define key concepts related to the 'quality' practice: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• user quality expectations (8.1.1, 8.2.1.1)</li> <li>• acceptance criteria (8.1.1)</li> <li>• quality specifications (8.1.1)</li> <li>• requirements (8.1.1)</li> </ul>	BL1
	4.4.5 Describe the guidance for effective management of quality: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• quality planning (8.2.1)</li> <li>• quality control (8.2.2)</li> <li>• quality assurance (8.2.3)</li> </ul>	BL2
	4.4.6 Describe the PRINCE2 technique for the 'quality' practice (8.3.1)	BL2
	4.5.1 Explain the purpose of the 'risk' practice (9.1)	BL2
	4.5.2 Describe the key relationships between the 'risk' practice and the principles (9.7, tab 9.4)	BL2
	4.5.3 Explain the purpose of the key management products required to support the 'risk' practice: (9.5) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• PID: risk management approach</li> <li>• Project log: risk register</li> </ul>	BL2
	4.5.4 Define key concepts related to the 'risk' practice: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• a risk: threat or opportunity based on uncertainty (9.1)</li> <li>• risk appetite (9.2)</li> <li>• risk tolerance (9.2)</li> <li>• risk cause, event and effect (9.2.1)</li> <li>• risk exposure (9.2)</li> <li>• risk owner and risk action owner (9.2)</li> <li>• risk probability (9.2)</li> <li>• risk impact (9.2)</li> </ul>	BL1
	4.5.5 Describe the guidance for effective management of risk: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• risk planning (9.2.1)</li> <li>• risk analysis (9.2.2)</li> <li>• risk control (9.2.3)</li> <li>• risk culture (9.2.4)</li> <li>• understand decision bias (9.2.4)</li> <li>• recommended risk response types (9.2.3.1, tab 9.1)</li> <li>• use of data (9.3.2.6)</li> </ul>	BL2
	4.5.6 Describe the PRINCE2 technique for the 'risk' practice (9.3.1)	BL2
	4.6.1 Explain the purpose of the 'issues' practice (10.1)	BL2
	4.6.2 Describe the key relationships between the 'issues' practice and the principles (10.7, tab 10.3)	BL2
	4.6.3 Explain the purpose of the key management products required to support the 'issues' practice: (10.5) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• PID: issue management approach</li> <li>• project log: issue register</li> <li>• issue report</li> </ul>	BL2



Learning Outcome	Assessment Criteria	Bloom's Level
	4.6.4 Define key concepts related to the 'issues' practice: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• issue (including types of issue: change, problem/concern, business opportunity, request for change, off-specification) (10.1, 10.2.2, 10.2.3)</li> <li>• project baseline (10.1)</li> <li>• change control (10.2.3)</li> </ul>	BL1
	4.6.5 Describe the guidance for effective management of issues: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• baselines (10.2.1)</li> <li>• issue resolution (10.2.2)</li> <li>• change control (10.2.3)</li> <li>• delegating authority for changes (10.2.4)</li> <li>• change budget (10.2.5)</li> </ul>	BL2
	4.6.6 Describe the PRINCE2 technique for the 'issues' practice (10.3.1)	BL2
	4.7.1 Explain the purpose of the 'progress' practice (11.1)	BL2
	4.7.2 Describe the key relationships between the 'progress' practice and the principles (11.7, tab 11.4)	BL2
	4.7.3 Explain the purpose of the key management products required to support the 'progress' practice: (11.5) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• checkpoint report</li> <li>• highlight report</li> <li>• end stage report</li> <li>• end project report</li> <li>• lessons report</li> <li>• exception report</li> <li>• project log: daily log</li> <li>• project log: lessons log</li> <li>• PID: digital and data management approach</li> </ul>	BL2
	4.7.4 Define key concepts related to the 'progress' practice: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• forecast (11.1)</li> <li>• exception (11.1)</li> <li>• tolerance (11.2.1)</li> <li>• event-driven and time-driven controls (11.2.2)</li> </ul>	BL1
	4.7.5 Describe the guidance for effective management of progress: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• tolerances for progress control (11.2.1 - excluding tab 11.1)</li> <li>• types of control (11.2.2)</li> <li>• reviewing progress and lessons (11.2.3)</li> <li>• reporting progress and lessons (11.2.4)</li> <li>• forecasting (11.2.5)</li> <li>• escalating (11.2.6)</li> <li>• use of data and systems in progress management (11.2.7)</li> </ul>	BL2
	4.7.6 Describe the PRINCE2 technique for the 'progress' practice (11.3.1)	BL2

Learning Outcome	Assessment Criteria	Bloom's Level
5. Understand the PRINCE2 processes and how they are carried out throughout the project	5.1 Explain the purpose of the PRINCE2 processes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>starting up a project (13.1)</li> <li>directing a project (14.1)</li> <li>initiating a project (15.1)</li> <li>controlling a stage (16.1)</li> <li>managing product delivery (17.1)</li> <li>managing a stage boundary (18.1)</li> <li>closing a project (19.1)</li> </ul>	BL2
	5.2 Explain the objectives of the PRINCE2 processes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>starting up a project (13.2)</li> <li>directing a project (14.2)</li> <li>initiating a project (15.2)</li> <li>controlling a stage (16.2)</li> <li>managing product delivery (17.2)</li> <li>managing a stage boundary (18.2)</li> <li>closing a project (19.2)</li> </ul>	BL2
	5.3 Explain the context of the PRINCE2 processes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>starting up a project (13.3)</li> <li>directing a project (14.3)</li> <li>initiating a project (15.3)</li> <li>controlling a stage (16.3)</li> <li>managing product delivery (17.3)</li> <li>managing a stage boundary (18.3)</li> <li>closing a project (19.3)</li> </ul>	BL2

## 5. Exam Specification

The **PRINCE2 Foundation examination** will consist of **five (5)** sections with the following structure:

Learning Outcome	Weighting %
1. Understand key concepts relating to projects and PRINCE2	3%
2. Understand how the PRINCE2 principles underpin the PRINCE2 method	8%
3. Understand the importance of people in successful projects	14%
4. Understand the PRINCE2 practices and how they are applied throughout the project	60%
5. Understand the PRINCE2 processes and how they are carried out throughout the project	15%
<b>Total</b>	<b>100%</b>

## Notes

**PeopleCert**



PRINCE2® 7 Practitioner

# Syllabus

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# 1. Introduction

The PRINCE2 7 Practitioner qualification is intended for project managers and aspiring project managers. It is also relevant to other key staff involved in the design, development and delivery of projects, including: project board members (e.g. senior responsible owners), team managers (e.g. product delivery managers), project assurance (e.g. business change analysts), project support (e.g. Project and Programme Office personnel), and operational line managers/staff.

The PRINCE2 7 Practitioner examination is intended to assess whether a candidate can apply and tailor the PRINCE2 project management method (as described in the syllabus below). A successful Practitioner candidate should, with suitable direction, be able to start applying the method to a real project but may not be sufficiently skilled to do this appropriately for all situations. Their individual project management expertise, complexity of the project and the support provided for the use of PRINCE2 in their work environment will all be factors that impact what the Practitioner can achieve.

## 2. Exam Overview

<b>Material allowed</b>	PRINCE2 Official Book	This is an 'open book' exam. The <i>PRINCE2 7 Managing Successful Projects</i> Official Book, should be used (and you can make notes inside the book), but no other material is allowed.
<b>Exam duration</b>	2 hours 30 minutes	Candidates taking the exam in a language that is not their native or working language may be awarded 25% extra time, i.e. 188 minutes in total.
<b>Number of marks</b>	70 marks	There are 70 (part) questions, each worth 1 mark. There is no negative marking.
<b>Pass mark</b>	42 marks	You will need to get 42 (part) questions correct to pass the exam.
<b>Level of thinking</b>	Bloom's levels 3&4	"Bloom's level" describes the type of thinking needed to answer the question. For Bloom's level 3 questions, you need to <b>apply</b> your knowledge to a situation. For Bloom's 4 questions, you need to <b>analyse</b> the information provided and reason whether a course of action is effective/appropriate.
<b>Exam format</b>	Scenario, additional information & questions	You should read the 'Project Scenario' which gives background information about the project that the questions apply to. For at least one question, you will also need to use the 'Additional Information' which gives information about people who may be working on the project.
<b>Question types</b>	Classic & matching	The questions are all 'multiple choice'. There is a short description of a situation, and then a question. For the 'classic' questions (1 mark), you have a question and four options (A,B,C,D). For the 'matching' questions (3 marks) you have 3 pieces of information and you have to choose an answer for each from a list of 5 or 6 options.



### 3. Question Types

#### Example 'standard' question:

The project is in the 'XXX' process. The project manager has decided to do Y.

Was this an appropriate action for the project manager to take, and why?

- a) Yes, because XXX
- b) Yes, because YYY
- c) No, because XXX
- d) No, because YYY

#### Example 'Matching' question:

Here are three actions related to XXX

Which role (A-E) is responsible for each action? Choose only **ONE** role for each action.  
Each role can be used once, more than once, or not at all.

1) To do XXX	A. Project manager
2) To do XXX	B. Team manager
3) To do XXX	C. Senior user
	D. Senior supplier
	E. Project executive

Please see the sample paper for an example of the exam format and content.

## 4. Syllabus

The tables below give a summary of the concepts that are tested in the exam, and the main parts of the Official Book in which these are described.

Learning Outcome	Assessment Criteria	Bloom's Level
1. Understand how to apply the PRINCE2 principles in context	1.1 Analyse the application of PRINCE2 principles in context: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) Ensure continued business justification (2.1)</li> <li>b) Learn from experience (2.2)</li> <li>c) Define roles, responsibilities and relationships (2.3)</li> <li>d) Manage by stages (2.4)</li> <li>e) Manage by exception (2.5)</li> <li>f) Focus on products (2.6)</li> <li>g) Tailor to suit the project (2.7)</li> </ul>	BL4
2. Understand how to apply effective people management in successful projects	2.1 Assess whether an approach to leadership and management of teams is appropriate (3.3, 3.1)	BL4
	2.2 Assess whether an approach to leadership and management of change within a project, and people affected by a project, is appropriate (3.2, 3.1)	BL4
	2.3 Apply the approach to the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• communications (3.4)</li> <li>• people central to the method (3.5)</li> </ul>	BL3
	2.4 Apply the key management products required to support the people element of projects: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• communication management approach (3.4)</li> <li>• change management approach (3.2)</li> </ul>	BL3
3. Understand how to apply and tailor relevant aspects of PRINCE2 practices in context	<b>3.1 Business case</b> 3.1.1 Apply the PRINCE2 'business case' practice, demonstrating an understanding of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) the key management products required to support the 'business case' practice (5.5): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ business case</li> <li>○ PID: benefits management approach</li> <li>○ PID: sustainability management approach</li> <li>○ project brief</li> </ul> </li> <li>b) The areas of focus for key roles associated with the 'business case' practice (tab 5.1)</li> <li>c) Effective management and associated techniques (5.2, 5.3)</li> </ul>	BL3
	3.1.2 Analyse whether an approach to applying the 'business case' practice is effective and fit for purpose, taking into consideration: the PRINCE2 principles, and the effective management and associated techniques of the practice, and tailoring to the project's environment/context (5.2, 5.3, 5.4, 5.7,)	BL4
	<b>3.2 Organizing</b> 3.2.1 Apply the PRINCE2 'organizing' practice, demonstrating an understanding of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) the key management products required to support the 'organizing' practice (6.5): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ PID: project management team structure</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	BL3

Learning Outcome	Assessment Criteria	Bloom's Level
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ PID: role descriptions</li> <li>○ PID: commercial management approach</li> <li>b) The areas of focus for key roles associated with the 'organizing' practice (tab 6.4)</li> <li>c) Effective management and associated techniques (6.2, 6.3)</li> </ul>	
	3.2.2 Analyse whether an approach to applying the 'organizing' practice is effective and fit for purpose, taking into consideration: the PRINCE2 principles, and the effective management and associated techniques of the practice, and tailoring to the project's environment/context (6.2, 6.3, 6.4, 6.7)	BL4
	<b>3.3 Plans</b> 3.3.1 Apply the PRINCE2 'plans' practice, demonstrating an understanding of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) the key management products required to support the 'plans' practice (7.5): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ plan (project, stage, team &amp; exception plans)</li> <li>○ project product description</li> <li>○ work package description</li> </ul> </li> <li>b) The areas of focus for key roles associated with the 'plans' practice (tab 7.1)</li> <li>c) Effective management and associated techniques (7.2, 7.3)</li> </ul>	BL3
	3.3.2 Analyse whether an approach to applying the 'plans' practice is effective and fit for purpose, taking into consideration: the PRINCE2 principles, and the effective management and associated techniques of the practice, and tailoring to the project's environment/context (7.2, 7.3, 7.4, 7.7)	BL4
	<b>3.4 Quality</b> 3.4.1 Apply the PRINCE2 'quality' practice, demonstrating an understanding of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) the key management products required to support the 'quality' practice (8.5): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ product description</li> <li>○ project log: product register</li> <li>○ PID: quality management approach</li> <li>○ project log: quality register</li> </ul> </li> <li>b) The areas of focus for key roles associated with the 'quality' practice (tab 8.2)</li> <li>c) Effective management and associated techniques (8.2, 8.3)</li> </ul>	BL3
	3.4.2 Analyse whether an approach to applying the 'quality' practice is effective and fit for purpose, taking into consideration: the PRINCE2 principles, and the effective management and associated techniques of the practice, and tailoring to the project's environment/context (8.2, 8.3, 8.4, 8.7)	BL4
	<b>3.5 Risk</b>	BL3

Learning Outcome	Assessment Criteria	Bloom's Level
	<p>3.5.1 Apply the PRINCE2 'risk' practice, demonstrating an understanding of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) the key management products required to support the 'risk' practice (9.5): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>o PID: risk management approach</li> <li>o project log: risk register</li> </ul> </li> <li>b) The areas of focus for key roles associated with the 'risk' practice (tab 9.3)</li> <li>c) Effective management and associated techniques (9.2, 9.3)</li> </ul>	
	<p>3.5.2 Analyse whether an approach to applying the 'risk' practice is effective and fit for purpose, taking into consideration: the PRINCE2 principles, and the effective management and associated techniques of the practice, and tailoring to the project's environment/context (9.2, 9.3, 9.4, 9.7)</p>	BL4
	<p><b>3.6 Issues</b></p> <p>3.6.1 Apply the PRINCE2 'issues' practice, demonstrating an understanding of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) the key management products required to support the 'issues' practice (10.5): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>o PID: issue management approach</li> <li>o issue register</li> <li>o issue report</li> </ul> </li> <li>b) The areas of focus for key roles associated with the 'issues' practice (tab 10.2)</li> <li>c) Effective management and associated techniques (10.2, 10.3)</li> </ul>	BL3
	<p>3.6.2 Analyse whether an approach to applying the 'issues' practice is effective and fit for purpose, taking into consideration: the PRINCE2 principles, and the effective management and associated techniques of the practice, and tailoring to the project's environment/context (10.2, 10.3, 10.4, 10.7)</p>	BL4
	<p><b>3.7 Progress</b></p> <p>3.7.1 Apply the PRINCE2 'progress' practice, demonstrating an understanding of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) the key management products required to support the 'progress' practice (11.5): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>o project log: daily log</li> <li>o project log: lessons log</li> <li>o lessons report</li> <li>o end stage report</li> <li>o end project report</li> <li>o checkpoint report</li> <li>o highlight report</li> <li>o exception report</li> <li>o PID: digital and data management approach</li> </ul> </li> <li>b) The areas of focus for key roles associated with the 'progress' practice (tab 11.3)</li> </ul>	BL3

Learning Outcome	Assessment Criteria	Bloom's Level
	c) Effective management and associated techniques (11.2, 11.3)	
	3.7.2 Analyse whether an approach to applying the 'progress' practice is effective and fit for purpose, taking into consideration: the PRINCE2 principles, and the effective management and associated techniques of the practice, and tailoring to the project's environment/context (11.2, 11.3, 11.4, 11.7)	BL4
4. Understand how to apply (and tailor) relevant aspects of PRINCE2 processes in context	<b>4.1 Starting up a project</b> 4.1.1 Carry out the 'starting up a project' process, demonstrating an understanding of: a) The activities, inputs and outputs (tab 13.1, 13.4) b) The recommended roles and responsibilities within the process (RACI table) (tab 13.2) c) How the practices are applied (tab 13.3)	BL3
	4.1.2 Analyse whether the 'starting up a project' process activities, roles and responsibilities are effective and fit for purpose, taking into consideration: tailoring to the project's environment/context, the PRINCE2 practices, and the purpose and objectives of the process (13.1, 13.2, 13.4, 13.5, 13.6, 13.7)	BL4
	<b>4.1 Directing a project</b> 4.2.1 Carry out the 'directing a project' process, demonstrating an understanding of: a) The activities, inputs and outputs (tab 14.1, 14.4) b) The recommended roles and responsibilities within the process (RACI table) (tab 14.2) c) How the practices are applied (tab 14.3)	BL3
	4.2.2 Analyse whether the 'directing a project' process activities, roles and responsibilities are effective and fit for purpose, taking into consideration: tailoring to the project's environment/context, the PRINCE2 practices, and the purpose and objectives of the process (14.1, 14.2, 14.4, 14.5, 14.6, 14.7)	BL4
	<b>4.3 Initiating a project</b> 4.3.1 Carry out the 'initiating a project' process, demonstrating an understanding of: a) The activities, inputs and outputs (tab 15.1, 15.4) b) The recommended roles and responsibilities within the process (RACI table) (tab 15.2) c) How the practices are applied (tab 15.3)	BL3
	4.3.2 Analyse whether the 'initiating a project' process activities, roles and responsibilities are effective and fit for purpose, taking into consideration: tailoring to the project's environment/context, the PRINCE2 practices, and the purpose and objectives of the process (15.1, 15.2, 15.4, 15.5, 15.6, 15.7)	BL4
	<b>4.4 Controlling a stage</b> 4.4.1 Carry out the 'controlling a stage' process, demonstrating an understanding of:	BL3

Learning Outcome	Assessment Criteria	Bloom's Level
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) The activities, inputs and outputs (Tab 16.1, 16.4)</li> <li>b) The recommended roles and responsibilities within the process (RACI table) (tab 16.2)</li> <li>c) How the practices are applied (tab 16.3)</li> </ul>	
	4.4.2 Analyse whether the 'controlling a stage' process activities, roles and responsibilities are effective and fit for purpose, taking into consideration: tailoring to the project's environment/context, the PRINCE2 practices, and the purpose and objectives of the process (16.1, 16.2, 16.4, 16.5, 16.6, 16.7)	BL4
	<b>4.5 Managing product delivery</b> 4.5.1 Carry out the 'managing product delivery' process, demonstrating an understanding of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) The activities, inputs and outputs (tab 17.1, 17.4)</li> <li>b) The recommended roles and responsibilities within the process (RACI table) (tab 17.2)</li> <li>c) How the practices are applied (tab 17.3)</li> </ul>	BL3
	4.5.2 Analyse whether the 'managing product delivery' process activities, roles and responsibilities are effective and fit for purpose, taking into consideration: tailoring to the project's environment/context, the PRINCE2 practices, and the purpose and objectives of the process (17.1, 17.2, 17.4, 17.5, 17.6, 17.7)	BL4
	<b>4.6 Managing a stage boundary</b> 4.6.1 Carry out the 'managing a stage boundary' process, demonstrating an understanding of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) The activities, inputs and outputs (tab 18.1, 18.4)</li> <li>b) The recommended roles and responsibilities within the process (RACI table) (tab 18.2)</li> <li>c) How the practices are applied (tab 18.3)</li> </ul>	BL3
	4.6.2 Analyse whether the 'managing a stage boundary' process activities, roles and responsibilities are effective and fit for purpose, taking into consideration: tailoring to the project's environment/context, the PRINCE2 practices, and the purpose and objectives of the process (18.1, 18.2, 18.4, 18.5, 18.6, 18.7)	BL4
	<b>4.7 Closing a project</b> 4.7.1 Carry out the 'closing a project' process, demonstrating an understanding of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) The activities, inputs and outputs (tab 19.1, 19.4)</li> <li>b) The recommended roles and responsibilities within the process (RACI table) (tab 19.2)</li> <li>c) How the practices are applied (tab 19.3)</li> </ul>	BL3
	4.7.2 Analyse whether the 'closing a project' process activities, roles and responsibilities are effective and fit for purpose, taking into consideration: tailoring to the project's environment/context, the PRINCE2 practices, and the purpose and objectives of the process (19.1, 19.2, 19.4, 19.5, 19.6, 19.7)	BL4

## 5. Exam Specification

The **PRINCE2 Practitioner examination** will consist of **four (4)** sections with the following structure:

Learning Outcome	Weighting %
1. Understand how to apply the PRINCE2 principles in context	10%
2. Understand how to apply effective people management in successful projects	9%
3. Understand how to apply and tailor relevant aspects of PRINCE2 practices in context	51%
4. Understand how to apply (and tailor) relevant aspects of PRINCE2 processes in context	30%
<b>Total</b>	<b>100%</b>



## Notes

**PeopleCert**